

GROVER CLEVELAND.

The National Democratic Convention was opened in the great hall of the Exposition Building at St. Louis by Chairman Barnum, of the National Committee, who called the vast assemblage to order at 12:35 P. M. The hall was profusely decorated with flags, bunting and ever. Portraits of Cleveland, Tilden, Hancock, Hendricks and ex-Governor Marmaduke, of Missouri, were placed on either side of the large platform. In the back-ground of this long hall stood a heroic statue of Washington on horseback, framed in a festoon of large American flags. Upon a pedestal at the right of stage was a massive bronze bust of President Cleveland, and suspended bust of President Cleveland, and suspended upon the front of the gallery above the stage hung a large portrait of the President in oil. As the convention gathered a full brass band of sixty pieces filled the hall with martial strains. The marching of the various State delegations to the seats assigned them was accompanied with great cheering and enthusiasm. The spectators and invited guests occupied the boxes and every other foot of space not given over to the delegates.



ALLEN G. THURMAN.

Chairman Barnum called the convention to order and introduced Bishop Grandberg, who delivered the invocation, the delegates standing.

When the prayer was ended and the dele-

gates had resumed their seats, Chairman Barnum presented the report of the National Committee, naming Lieutenand-Governor White, of California, as temporary chair-The report was unanimously adopted and

Senator Gorman, Maryland; General Pow-ell, Ohio, and Colonel Dawson, South Caro-lina, were appointed to escort the temporary chairman to the platform.

chairman to the platform.

The California delegation gave three cheers standing for Chairman White.

Mr. White said he was grateful for the honor conferred, because it was an appreciation of his section of the country. He as delegates from the Pacific slope were profoundly impressed with the first distinction of the kind in the history of the Democracy. He congratulated the convention at what he termed the encouraging circumstances which attended the inauguration of its proceedings. He alluded to the administration by saying that for the first time in twenty-five years a National Democratic Convention was being held while the affairs of the coun try were conducted by the Democracy The experience of four years, he said, ha disproved the assertions and charges that the Democracy could not be trusted with the government of the country. Continuing, Mr. White said:

"The platform of principles adopted at our last national convention prescribed with great accuracy the rules of conduct which should control governmental action. Grover Cleveland was selected by that convention as a man whose firmness, ability, integrity and statesmanlike qualities pre-entimently fitted him to under-take the task of carrying out the great re-forms thus suggested by the organization to whose tenets he had ever been ready to yield

His laudatory references to President Cleveland drew prolonged applause from the convention, and then he proceeded to the tariff question. He said:

in question. He said:

For years it has been generalconceded that it was necessary
reform the tariff. The existing
v on the subject had been called into belaw on the subject had been called libb be-ing during the excitement and because of the exigencies of war. The Republican party, while not denying the necessity for reform, has ever failed to suggest any remedy, and has universally thwarted the efforts of the Democracy to afford the needed relief. The present admistration has realized the promises made by the d the promises made by the ratic Convention of 1884. It has sought to reduce taxation and lighten the burdens of the people, and to reduce the revenue so as to prevent undue accumulation in the Treasury, and has at the same time taken the requisite steps to foster and protect

domestic industries."

The failure of Congrese to establish free trade, he charged, was due to Republican ob-

rade, he charged, was due to republican obstruction. He said:

"The existence of an enormous surplus in the Treasury threatens the industries of the country, and is a constant source of injury to the consumer and men of moderate means, who find it difficult to obtain monetary assistance, because of the withdrawal of a large portion of the circu-

lating medium."

He touched on land grant grabs and Chinese immigration, and gave the Democracy the credit of stopping both. He concluded by saying that "the re-election of Grover Cleveland is demanded by the patriotic sentiment of the land," and prophesying the success of the Democratic ticket in the coming election.

Upon the conclusion of Mr. White's speech a resolution of Senator Gorman was adopted, ordering the call of the roll to name the

Goveror Green, of New Jersey, offered resolution making the Convention subject to the rules of the last Convention, modified so as to prevent any State changing its vote until the call of the States is completed. The esolution was adopted.

Mr. Patterson, of Colorado, presented a of Colorado silver to the Chairman. ation by Senator Morgan, of Alabama ted that each delegation name one sect as its member upon the Comntials, one member as its mem ber as its member on th tions, and that all reso-latform of the Demothe said Commit-

ly one con-

A WHITE man who disguised himself by blacking his face, and swindled colored people in Greene County, Ga., was captured by his victims and beaten to death.

M. the following day.

Second Day's Proceedings.

by a rising vote.

Mrs. E. A. Merriweather, of the Women's
Convention recently held in Washington, was
permitted to speak for ten minutes, but
amid the noise and applause could not be
heard, and gave up the attempt to interest

dangers financial tranquility and breeds extravagance, centralization and corruption. That high taxation, vital for the expenditures of an unparalleled war, is robbery in years of prosperous peace. That the millions that pour into the Treasury come from the hard-sarned savings of the American people.

That in violation of equality of rights the present tariff has created a privileged class, who, shaping legislation for their personal gain, levy by law contributions for the necessaries of life from every man, woman and child in the land. That to lower the tariff is

not free trade, it is to reduce the unjust profits of monopolists and home manufacturers and allow consumers to retain the rest. The man who asserts that to lower the tariff.

means free trade insults intelligence. We brand him as a falsifier. It is farthest from

hought to imperil capital or disturb enter-prises. The aim is to uphold wages and

prises. The aim is to uphold wages and protect the rights of all. This administration has rescued the public domain from would-be barons and cormorant corporations faithless to obligations and reserved it for free homes for this and coming generations. There is no pillering. There are no jubs under this administration. Public office is a public trust. Integrity stands guard at every point of our vast emissional and the complete of the complet

stands guard at every point of our vast em pire. While the President has been the me

lium through which has flowed the undying

gratitude of the republic for her soldiers, he has not hesitated to withhold approval from

has not hesitated to withhold approval from special legislation if strictest inquiry re-vealed a want of truth and justice. Above all sectional strife as never before is at an end, and sixty millions of freedmen in the

tory. I nominate Grover Cleveland, of New York." The Convention broke into the wildest en-

thusiasm at the close of Mr. Dougherty's speech. Hats were waved and thrown into the air, bandanas streamed out all over the hall, and the delegates jumped on their

chairs and cheered madly. A picture of Cleveland in the White House was uncovered on the east wall, and the bands played "Hail

to the Chief." The cheering and uproar con-tinued, spectators in the gallery tearing flags from the rails and waving them in the air.

Some one on the stage crowned the bust of the President on the left of the Chairman with a laurel wreath, which was the signal

for even a wilder burst of shouts and cheers than before. Although the full band of sixty pieces was in full blast all the time, not a

sound from its trumpets could be heard.
The climax of this remarkable scene was reached when the banners of all the States

reached when the banners of all the States were borne by the delegates to the New York standard and draped about it. At this the enthusiasm was unbounded. Spectators and delegates tore the red white and blue bunting

from the pillars and from the face of the

from the pillars and from the face of the balconies, waving these improvised banners all over the hall for ten minutes.

The Chairman kept rapping for order, but the cheering continued, and horns were blown in the galleries. The delegates gathered in groups, waving their State banners high in air, and cheering with renewed vigor. The cheering ceased after twenty-four minutes.

The Kentucky delegation asked and was granted unanimous consent to second the

granted unanimous consent to second the nomination. James A. McKenzie was re-cognized, and there was renewed cheering at

cognized, and there was renewed cheering at his mention of Cleveland's name, and wild enthusiasm at his mention of Mrs. Cleveland. Judge Twiggs, of Georgia, Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, H. W. Lightfoot, of Texas, and others seconded Mr. Cleveland's nomination. The roll call was then completed, and a motion of Mr. McKenzie to suspend the rules

vas carried, and Cleveland was nominated

by acclamation.

The Convention then adjourned until 10 A

Second Day's Proceedings.

The convention was called to order shortly after 10 o'clock by Chairman White. Formal thanks were given to Colorado for presenting the silver gavel to the chairman.

Resolutions were offered and referred favoring the Monroe doctrine and recognizing and indorsing tariff reform.

The Committee on Credentials reported, admitting Steele and Megginar from Dakota. The report was amended that two delegates from Alaska be admitted.

The Committee on Rules and Permanent Organization made a report submitting the following list of names for officers of the Convention: Hon. Patrick A. Collins, Massachusetts, Chairman; H. H. Ingersoll, Tennessee, Secretary; Alfred Orendorff, Illinois; T. E. Barret, Missouri; W. W. Scott; Virginia; O. M. Hall, Minnesota; Leopold Strauss, Alabama; L. G. Rowby, Michigan; John Triplett, Georgia; T. J. Lingle, Missouri; O. Newell, Colorado; T. L. Merrill, Nebraska, Assistants; Hon. Thomas Four of Jersey City's (N. J.) Commission-ers of Public Works have been indicted for onspiracy and malfeasance in office. ROBERT REIDY and Boyd Guinter, boys, walking upon some loose logs in the river at Williamsport, Penn. slipped, fell in the water and both were drowned.

THE steamer Etruria has beaten the record for transatlantic passage by a run of six days one hour and fifty-five minutes from Queenstown to New York,

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

RICHARD KEARNEY, a murderer under sentence of death in Monmouth-County (N. J.) Jail, has confessed to committing the crime for which "Mingo Jack" was lynched at Eatontown, N. J., two years ago. The Italian residents of New York City unveiled amid great ceremonies the statue of Garibaldi, the Italian patriot, which they have erected in Washington Square and presented to the city.

MISS CATHARINE GOUNDY, sixty-seven years, deliberately placed herself before a railway train at Saratoga, N. Y., and was killed.

JOSEPH DUFORD and William Bishop were killed by a fall of rock in the Sterling mine at Antwerp, N. Y.

South and West. JAMES B. HAYES, Chief Justice of the Su-reme Court of Idaho Territory, is dead,

Michigan: John Triplett, Georgia; T. J. Lingle, Missouri; O. Newell, Colorado: T. L. Merrill, Nebraska, Assistants; Hon. Thomas Pettit. Chief Reading Secretary; R. J. Bright, Sergeant-at-Arms; Daniel Able, St. Louis, Chief Doorkeeper.

There was no opposition to the adoption of the report and the temporary chairman selected Hon. W. H. Barnum, Connecticut; Roswell P. Flower, New York, and John O. Day, Missouri, to escort Mr. Collins to the chair. His presence upon the platform was the signal for long continued applause, the Massachusetts delegation getting upon its chairs and yelling itself hoarsa. The enthusiasm was renewed when Mr. White, thanking the convention for the courtesy extended him, introduced his successor, and it was continued while two of the Tennessee delegates carried up on the platform a framed vignette of the coat of arms of that State, with pictures of the President and Mrs. Clelvier made a speech in which he THREE men were killed and seven hurt by the explosion of a boiler in iron works at Wyandotte, Mich.

THE second day's session of the North Caro-The second day sees on of the North Carolina Democrats resulted in the nomination of William L. Saunders for Secretary of State, and the selection of a complete State ticket. The platform as adopted cordially endorses President Cleveland and a tariff tax reduction, and calls for the abolition of the internal revenue. nal revenue.

Cleveland, the whole surmounted by a magnificent floral wreath.

Mr. Collins made a speech, in which he reviewed the work of the Administration, and declared that the confidence placed by the people in President Cleveland had been triumphantly justified. Mention of President Cleveland's name was cheered to the echo. The proposition that taxation should be only for needed expenses was greeted by a lively outbreak of applause.

Upon motion of Congressman Campbell, of New York, a resolution of sympathy for General Sheridan in his illness was adopted by a rising vote. ANDREW GRANDSTAFF, who murdered old Reuben Drake, his wife and two young grand-children at Viroqua, Wis, was taken from jail by the angry populace and hanged.

A BATTLE took place between the Green and Jones families in Hancock county, Tenn., the result of a long standing feud. Two of the Green family. and A. D. Jones, who led the other faction, were killed. A DESTRUCTIVE cyclone swept over Washington county, Ark, and nearly destroyed Evansville, a place of 500 inhabitants. Four-

heard, and gave up the attempt to interest the convention.

Then a score of men jumped on the plat-form and asked that nominations be made.

A resolution to this effect was adopted amid great applause. Daniel Dougherty, the silver-tongued orator from Philadelphia, rose to make the speech renominating the President.

He was greeted with wild applause, and spoke as follows:

"I greet you, my countrymen, with fraterwere injured, four of them se JAMES PHILLIPS, of Logan, Ohio, cut his wife's throat with a pocket knife in the presence of their three small children and then committed suicide.

THE people of Thomson, Ga., indignant at the continued crimes of a worthless colored man, took him from jail and hanged him to

MAXWELL, the murderer of the English man Preller, at St. Louis, is to be hanged. July 13, all efforts to obtain a respite or pardon having failed.

CROMWELL, a village 23 miles west of St. Paul, Minn., has been wiped out by fire. A CYCLONE swept over Southern North Carolina, and the destruction wrought in its pathway, which was twenty-five miles long and 500 yards wide, was terrible. Large acres of recently planted corn and tobacco, near Milton, were wiped out. Bucketfuls of hailstones as large as guinea hens' eggs could easily be gathered.

He was greeted with wild applause, and spoke as follows:

"I greet you, my countrymen, with fraternal regard. In your presence I bow to the majesty of the people. The sight itself is inspiring, the thought sublime. You come from every State and Territory, from every nook and corner of our ocean-bound, continent-covering country. You are about to discharge a mare than imperial duty. With simplest ceremonials, you as representatives of the people are to choose a Magistrate with power mightier than a monarch, yet checked and controlled by the supreme law of a written constitution. Thus impressed I ascend the rostrum to name the next President of the United States. New York presents him to the convention and pledges her electoral vote. Delegations from the thirty-eight States and all the Territories are assembled without caucus or consultation ready simultane DAVID T. DISNEY, a prominent Democratic politician, was killed at Seymour, Ind., while on his way to the St. Louis Presidential Con-

THE deadlock in the Democratic State Convention, of Arkansas, which has continued for so many days, has been broken by the nomination of John P. Eagle for Governor Cleveland's position on the tariff was indorsed

OREGON went Republican in the recent State election by 4000 majority. The Legis-lature is Republican by twenty on a joint D. PORTER, a son of ex-Governor Porter, was shot and killed at Paris, Tenn., by Alex. B. White, Cashier of the Commercial Bank.

vote. Delegations from the thirty-eight States and all the Territories are assembled without caucus or consultation ready simultaneously to take up the cry and make the vote unanimous. We are here not indeed to choose a candidate, but to name the one the people have already chosen. He is the man for the people. His career illustrates the glory of our institutions. Eight years ago unknown, save in his own locality, he for the last four has stood in the gaze of the world discharging the most exalted duties that can be confided to a mortal. To-day determines that not of his own choice, but by the mandate of his countrymen, and with the sanction of heaven, he shall fill the Presidency for four years more. He has met and mastered every question as if from youth trained to statesmanship. The promises of his letter of acceptance and inaugural address have been fulfilled. His fidelity in the past inspires faith in the future. He is not a hope. He is a realization. Scorning subterfuge, disclaining re-election by concealing convictions, mindful of his oath of office to defend the Constitution, he courageously declares to Congress, descenting minor-metters. GENERAL J. B. WEAVER has been nominated for Congress from Iowa by the Union Labor party.

Washington.
TOTAL coinage for May: Gold, \$3,405,561; silver, \$2,934,000; minor coin, \$80,665. ful of his oath of office to detend the Consti-tution, he courageously declares to Congress, dropping minor matters, that the supreme issue is reform, revision, reduction of na-tional taxation. That the Treasury of the United States, glutted with unneeded gold, oppresses industry, embarrasses business, en-dangers financial tranquility and breeds ex-DURING May the public debt was reduced \$1,618,695,96. The total cash in the Treasury is \$606,971,049.03.

COUNT ARCO VALLEY, the new German Minister, has arrived in Washington from New York. He will be presented to the Presented PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has nominated

Captain William B. Remey, of the Marine Corps, to be Judge Advocate-General of the lavy. THE President returned to the House with

out his approval bills for the erection of pub-lic buildings at Bar Harbor, Me., and for the purchase of additional ground for the build-ing at Council Bluffs, lows, In order to assist in the maintenance of

quarantine against the introduction of infec-tious diseases, the President has determined to establish, by means of the vessels of the revenue marine, a national patrol of the coast of the United States. SEVENTEEN new National banks were or-

An English gunboat has visited Maitre Isle, which was recently occupied by the French, and warned the French to haul down the tricolor; England claims the island. EMPEROR FREDERICK of Germany, ac

companied by the Empress, Crown Prince Sir Morell Mackenzie, and a suite of attendan officers, sailed on a pleasure trip in an open boat from Berlin to Potsdam. Signs of in-creased strength were observed, and after dining heartily he strolled around the park.

THE Queen Regent of Spain has unveiled the statue of Christopher Columbus in Barcelona. The ceremony was made the occasion of great rejoicing.

ties of brotherhood are prosperous and happy. These are the achievements of this administration. Under the same illustrious THREE of a party of six men who under-took to cross a stream near Mackey's station, administration. Under the same illustrious leader we are ready to meet our political opponents in high and honorable debate and stake our triumph on the intelligence, virtue and patriotism of the people. Adhering to the Constitution, its every line and letter, ever remembering that 'powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution nor prohibited by it to the States are reserved to the States respectively or to the people,' by the authority of the Democracy of New York, backed by the Democracy of the entire Union, I give you a name entwined with victory. I nominate Grover Cleveland, of New Canada, were drowned.

GENERAL BOULANGER made a speech in the French Chamber of Deputies urging a re-vision of the constitution. He was constantly jeered at and ridiculed, and his motion was

lefeated by a vote of 377 to 186. It is the intention to crown the Czar of Russia Emperor of Central Asia at Samarcand, in order to offset the influence of Queen Victoria's title as Empress of India. The city of Hull, a suburb of Ottawa,

Canada, has been visited by a fire which de-stroyed the City Hall, the Cathedral and other public buildings, with hundreds of dwelling-houses. Two million dollars is the stimated amount of the loss.

A HEAVY shock of earthquake was felt in THE French Senate has passed M, de Lesseps' Panama Canal Lottery Loan bill.

# AN IMMENSE NEW RAFT.

A Great Structure Shaped Like Ship-Manned by Fifteen Sailors. Advices from Nova Scotia state that the second log raft which James D. Leary, of New York city, is having constructed at Finges Board, in the Bay of Fundy, is rapidly nearing completion, and will be launched soon. This new structure is entirely different from the last one, which went adrift on the broad Atlantic while bewent adrift on the broad Atlantic while being towed to New York by the English steamer Miranda. This new raft is not cigar-shaped like the last. The various pieces of timber are all put together in such a way as to form the perfect model of a ship, being cut away sharp forward, full in the centre, and decreasing as the spars work aft. In a 1, 31,000 logs are being used in the construction, the spars ranging in size from twenty-five feet to 200 feet. The raft from point to point measures 700 feet, or nearly 150 feet larger than the former one. It will be sixty-five feet broad and thirty-five feet deep. The huge steamboat M. B. Mure will be used to assist the raft to New York, but as a sort of auxiliary six masts will York, but as a sort of auxiliary six masts will be erected. These will be given yards, like on a sailing vessel, and an enormous spread of canvas will be put on the spars to aid the safe navigation of the raft to New York. A large house will be erected on the upper part of the raft to shelter fifteen sailors.

A St. Louis minister says that the greatest feat of baptism in the history of the Baptist Church in modern times was that performed in July, 1878, by J. C. Clough, a missionary, who with the assistance of five native preachers, immersed 2222 converted brethrer

# GENERAL OF THE ARMY.

A Bill Passed by Congress Reviving the Great Rank.

The Commission Presented to General Sheridan on His Sick Bed.



The bill to revive the grade of General for the benefit of Lieutenant-General Sheridan came up in the House Friday immediately after the morning hour, and after cologistic speeches from Messra. Kelley, Cox and Breckinridge, it was passed by a viva-voce vote. The bill was enrolled and hurried to President Cleveland for his signature. At ten minutes past two the President signed the measure, and at twenty-five minutes to three the Senate confirmed the appointment of Lieutenant-General Sheridan to be General

of Lieutenant-General Sheridan to be General
of the United States Army.
Five minutes after the President had handed
them the commission, Senators Hawley and
Manderson, who had hurried to the White House immediately on the nomination being confirmed, were in the drawing room of the Sheridan home. Mrs. Sheridan was summoned and soon appeared. Senator Hawley handed her the commission with a few appropriate words. Mrs. Sheridan told the Senators that she thanked them and all others who had assisted in conferming this great honor on her sisted in conferring this great honor on her husband.

"If anything can cure him this will," she said. "Early this morning he seemed greatly pleased when he learned of the efforts that were being made. I will show him the comission as soon as he wakes."
General Sheridan woke a few minutes after
His wife told him the news and the sick

an seemed greatly pleased.
"That's the best tonic I've had in a week,"

Chief Clerk Tweedle, of the War Depart Chief Clerk Tweedle, of the War Department, was sent for and soon arrived. The members of the general's staff who were in the house were summoned to the sick room, and the formal oath was administered to the stricken soldier by Mr. Tweedale. While waiting for him a letter of thanks to the President, at the General's request, was prepared, and a few moments later he affixed his signature to the letter, his first attempt at writing since he was taken sick.

since he was taken sick.

After taking the oath General Sheridan—
now General of the United States Army—
signed the necessary official papers, and immediately announced his staff to be the same officers who had served him as Lieutenant-General. This appointment gives to each of them
the rank of Colonel. He then issued his first

the rank of Colonel. He then issued his first order as General, which was a notification to the army of the appointment of his staff. Sympathetic and low-voiced congratulations were tendered to General Sheridan by those present during the simple ceremonies.

The bill reviving the rank of General of the Army reads as follows:

Be it enacted, &c., That the grade of Lieutenant-General of the Army is hereby discontinued, and is merged in the grade of General of the Army of the United States, which grade shall continue during the life-time of the present Lieutenant-General, after which such grade shall cases; and the President of the United States is hereby authorized to appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a General of the Army of the United States.

SEC. 2. That the pay and allowances of

General of the Army of the United States.

SEC. 2. That the pay and allowances of
the general be the same as heretofore allowed for that grade.
General Sheridan signed the following
formal acceptance of his commission:

HEADQUARTERS ARMY UNITED STATES,
WASHINGTON, June 1, 1888.

The Hon. Secretary of War:
SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the
receipt of processing as General of the

receipt of my commission at General of the Army, to which position the President has to-day appointed ma. I hereby accept the

P. H. SHERIDAN, General. The signature was written with a pencil in large and perfectly legible hand.

# A DISASTROUS VOYAGE. The British Bark Balaklava has

Hard Run of Luck. The British bark Balaklava has arrived in San Francisco from London, after a remarkably long voyage of one year and seventyfour days. Her misfortunes during the trip were many. There is not a sailor on board who shipped on her from England. Ten washed overboard and drowne in a storm off Cape Horn, and while at Val pariso for repairs, the remainder of the crew deserted. The bark was again caught in a storm after leaving that port and lost two

# NEWSY GLEANINGS.

THE army worm has invaded Kentucky. MOUNT ETNA is now in a state of activity. but the eruption has not assumed a serio

A PARLIAMENTARY return shows that thirty-two people starved to death in London, England, in 1887.

THE forests were on fire recently in the nountains of Oaxaca, Mexico, and untold damage was done.

Erastus Snow, one of the twelve apostles of the Mormon Church, died at Salt Lake

City, Utah, aged 70. THOMAS CAREY, who shot and killed a

Chicago Chinaman, was sentenced to fifty years' imprisonment ALL Jews, except merchants of the first guild, have been ordered to quit Moscow, Russia, within a fortnight.

It is announced that, after all, the Prince of Wales will be unable to make his contemplated visit to this country. JUDGE NASH, of Washington Territory, has decided the Woman Suffrage Act of that

Territory unconstitutional. Two men have started on a trip of 3000 miles through the Grand Canyon of the Colorado in a torpedo boat.

HARRISON HAMILTON, a prominent mer-chant of Chatham, Mass., blew out his brains because he was suspected of arson. THE German Corps of the Guards and the Cuirassiers will discard the cuirass and car-

bine, which will be replaced by revolvers. THE Greek Catholics of Chicago are abou to build a church of their own. The Russian Government will be requested to send a

Penn., has just celebrated his 100th birthday in the midst of his five children and all their According to the Hungarian Minister Agriculture, the loss of Hungary from pleu-ropneumonia has of late years amounted to

CHARLES CLENDENNING, near Bakerstown

\$6.156,000 yearly. THE Massachusetts House has passed, to be engrossed, the measure providing for the Australian system of voting, which was recently passed by the Senate.

The hessian fly has appeared in the wheat fields of New Zealand, and instructions for coping with the invader have been transmitted them from England by wire. SAN FRANCISCO is to have a crematory.

oun upon the furnace and chapel. DR. LAWRENCE and his son, who were or trial for selling alleged spirit-painted pict-ures to Lawyer Marsh, have sued eight New ures to Lawyer Marsh, have sued eight York papers for a total of \$800,000 dar for libel

### SUMMARY OF CONGRESS.

Senate Proceedings. 104TH DAY.—The entire day's session was consumed by the consideration of the Indian Appropriation bill. Mr. Blair made a lengthy speech in which he condemned the present administration of Indian affairs. After much debate the bill was passed without amendments.

much debate the bill was passed without amendments.

105TH DAY.—A bill was placed on the calendar appropriating \$125,000 for a public building at Sait Lake City, Utah... A bill to repeal all pre-emption and timber culture laws was referred.... The Committee on Appropriations reported back the Consular and Diplomatic bill... Mr. Spooner offered a resolution (which was laid over) calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for copies of correspondence between the First Comptroller and the United States Commissioner or Chief Supervisors of Election appointed for the Congressional election of 1886, and for a statement of allowances made to them... Senator Cameron offered a resolution apfor the Congressional election of 1886, and for a statement of allowances made to them .... Senator Cameron offered a resolution appropriating \$20,000 for a monument to mark the birth place of George Washington.... The Senate considered bills on the calendar and passed the following: Senate bill appropriating \$35,000 for an equestrian statue of ex-President Zachary Taylor in Washington; appropriating \$100,000 for a public building at Waterbury, Conn., authorizing the President to appoint and retire Alfred Pleasanton, with rank and grade as Colonel—with an amendment reducing the grade to that of Major; appropriating \$75,000 each for public buildings at Nashua, N. H., and Altoona, Penn.; to increase the endowment (by a grant of 25,000 acres of public land in Louisiana) of the Louisiana State University and Agricultural College; authorizing the President to place on the retired list, with the grade of Major, Major-General William W. Averill; appropriating \$60,000 for a public building at Hoboken, N. J.; requiring American Consuls abroad to make monthly reports on agricultural and horticultural subjects... The Senate went make monthly reports on agricultural and horticultural subjects....The Senate went into executive session and passed private

pension bills.

1067H DAY.—The following amendments were reported by the sub-Committee on Diplomatic Appropriations and adopted by the House: Transferring to the grade of Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary the "Minister Resident" in Belgium, the Netherlands, Sweden, and Noway, and Venezuela without change of salary (87500); inserting an item, "Minister Resident and Consul-General in Corea, \$7500; 'transferring to the grade of "Minister Resident and Consul-General" the charge d'affaires to Paraguay and Uruguay without change of salary (\$5000); inserting a provision requiring all consulates and commercial agencies, where the compensation allowed for the fiscal year 1888 exceeds \$1000 to be estimated for under classified consulates. . On motion of Mr. Sherman \$25,000 was appropriated for the salaries and expenses of a scientific commission of three persons (an officer of the army or navy, a geologist and mineralogist, and a naturalist), to visit and report upon the commercial resources of the Upper Congo Basin, the salaries (not exceeding \$6000) to be fixed by the Fresident and the Cemmission to expire June 30, 1889...Mr. Chandler proposed a bill to make operative the retailatory law of last Congress in connection with the fisheries.

107TH DAY.—The Senate bill in relation to codds at the Nevel Academy was passed. 106TH DAY.—The following amendments

the retaliatory law of last Congress in connection with the fisheries.

107TR DAY.—The Senate bill in relation to cadets at the Naval Academy was passed....
The conference report on the bill appropriating \$150,000 for a public building at Bridgeport, Conn., was agreed to.... The Senate then considered the House bill to prevent the employment of alien labor upon public works and in the various departments of the Government, which went over.... In the consideration of the Diplomatic and Consular Appropriation bill an amendment fixing the salary of the Minister Resident to Paraguay and Uruguay at \$7000 was agreed to. The consulate at Prague (Austro-Hungary) was taken from class five (salary \$2000) and placed in class three (salary \$3000). The bill was then passed.... The remainder of the day was devoted to the passage of individual pension bills on the calendar. Among them were bills increasing the pensions of the widows of Major-General Heintzelman to \$100, and of Brigadier-General Schimmelfenning to \$50, and giving a pension of \$50 a month to the widow of Commodore Truxton.

House Proceedings.

House Proceedings.

127th Day.—The Senate bill to authorize the Fort Smith and Choctaw Bridge Company to construct a bridge over the Poteau River near Fort Smith, Ark., was passed....

Mr. White, of New York, rising to a personal explanation, declared that it was not true that he was directly or indirectly interested in any claim against the Venezuelan Government, and none of his constituents had any such claim...The parliamentary difficulties in the way of the Legislative Appropriation bill were overcome, and the bill passed with the blank salaries filed in as it was reported from the Appropriations Committee ...Mr. Sayers reported from the propriations Committee the Customs propriations Committee the Custon ficiency bill, with the recommendations Senate amendments the Senate amendments be concurred in, and with further amendments reported by the House Committee. These amendments were agreed to, and the bill was again sent to the Senate...The bill to elevate General Sheridan to the rank of General of the United States Army was then pessed by a price of the United dan to the rank of General of the United States Army was then passed by a viva-voce vote, Mr. Oates, of Alabama, going on record as opposing it. The bill has been signed by the Speaker of the House and the presiding officer of the Senate, and sent to the President, who also signed it and returned it to the Senate for confirmation... The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff. The time for debate over the first paragraph was limited to forty minutes by

the Tariff. The time for debate over the first paragraph was limited to forty minutes by agreement. Mr. Holman spoke briefly in favor of cheap lumber. The first paragraph of the Mills Tariff bill was passed... The evening session was devoted to private pension bills.

128TH DAY.—Most of the day was consumed in considering the appropriation bills. The Agricultural Appropriation bill was passed without amendments, but all other bills went over without definite action... Mr. Wilkins, from the Committee on Banking and Currency, reported to the House a substitute for the bill introduced by him, to rerevise and codify the banking laws of the United States.

United States.

129TH DAY.—The following bills were in-129TH DAY.—The following bills were introduced: Directing the Committee on Foreign Affairs to inquire into the alleged action of the Brazilian Government in imposing an export duty on coffee nearly equal to the duty formerly imposed by the United States on that commodity, and in aiding British capitalists to establish flour mills in Brazil while maintaining an excessive duty on while maintaining an excessive duty on American flour; to prevent food adulteration; to amend the Inter-State Commerce Law; to restrict the immigration of loreigners int the United States; calling on the Secretar of State for information as to whether th of State for information as to whether the Canadian Government has violated the spirit of the Treaty of Washington by discriminating against American vessels passing through the Welland and other Canadian canals.... The Senate bill making Inauguration Day a legal holiday in the District of Columbia was passed....With amendments, the Senate bill ssed .... With amendments, various deposits prevent obstructions and injurious deposits to prevent obstructions and injurious deposition the New York harbor and adjacent waters

was passed.

130th DAY. The following bills were reported: The Allentown (Penn.) Public-Building bill, with the recommendation that it be passed, notwithstanding the President's veto. Placed on the calendar; Senate bill to provide an additional mode of taking depositions for use in United States courts; to ratify an agreement with the Sheshone and Bannock agreement with the Shoshone and Bannock Indians for the surrender of a part of the Fort Hall, Idaho, reservation, and for other purposes; adversely, from the Judiciary Committee, the resolution to authorize the ac-ceptance of the invitation tendered the House ceptance of the invitation tendered the house to attend the centennial celebration of Washington's inauguration in New York in 18%. The report takes the ground that this House has no power to bind its successor... House then went into Committee of Whole on the Tariff Bill, Mr. Springer in the chair, debate on the pending clause ("wood manufactures not specially enumerated or provided for") being limited to thirty minutes. Mr. Parker, of New York, addressed the House for more than the control of the contro minutes. Mr. rarker, of New York, addressed the House in opp sition to the lumber clauses of the Tariff bill. He was followed in the opposition by Mr. Reed, while the bill was defended by Messrs. Cox, and Bynum. Six lines of the Mills's bill were passed.

131st DAY.—The entire session was occupied in a discussion of the Mills bill. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, introduced an amendment to provide for the admission of all fish free of duty, but no action was taken. Further debate was indulged in by Messrs. Mills, Tarsney, Dingley and Brewer.

THE bodies of Edward Whitehouse and Lizzie Webb were found in the river Lea, in England tied together with a handkerchief, and locked in each other's arms. A letter was found in the young woman's pocket ad-dressed to her mother, desiring her not to "fret," and asking that she and her lover be

# APPALLING DISASTER.

Fatal Conflagration in a Rockdale (Texas) Hotel.

The Mundine House Destroyed and Eleven Inmates Cremated.

The most appalling calamity that ever occurred in Texas took place at Rockdale, sixty miles north of Austin, at four o'clock Monday morning. The Mundine Hotel, a three story brick building, was discovered to be on fire, and in less than five minutes from the time it started the whole building was a raging sea of flame. The wildest and most indescribable terror seized the people when it became known that at the people when it became known that at least fifteen persons were within the doomed hotel, but the cooler and more collected of the spectators at once went to work to save the unfortunate victims, several of whom were seen at the upper floor windows beg-

were seen at the upper noor windows beg-ging piteously for succor.

Dr. W. A. Brooks, the proprietor of the hotel, was pulled out of the burning build-ing with his hair and head completely singed and his body in several places badly bruised and burned. For his escaps from death he paid an awful penalty, having left his wife and four children behind him, all of whom perished in the flames.

He had to be taken from the building by

He had to be taken from the building by force, as he was unwilling to be saved without his wife and children. He is badly burned and is almost crazy over the loss of his family. Brooks was in a room adjoining that occupied by his wife and children, and his wife's room was enveloped in flames when he was awakened.

Mr. J. F. Briscoe, with his wife and two children, were also burned to death, all efforts to reach them being unavailing. Mr. Isaac Cohen, of the firm of I. Baum & Co., likewise perished. Mr. Pemberton Pierce, representing the firm of George H. Zigler, of Philadelphia, jumped in his night clothes from the third story of the burning building and was killed by the fall.

The hotel register was lost, and it is not improbable that other lives were lost, though this will never be known for certain. Mr. D. M. Oldham, representing a Galveston firm, escaped uninjured by jumping. He occupied a room in the second story and was awakened by a roaring, crashing sound. He thought that a storm had arisen, but later he detected smoke in his room, and opening the door, saw the hall full of flames. He at once closed the door and escaped by crawling out on the roof of a veranda and sliding down a post. Oldham had just reached the ground when he saw Pemberton Pierce rush on to the veranda enveloped in the flames, Pierce leaped to the ground,

reached the ground when he saw Pemberton Pierce rush on to the veranda enveloped in the flames. Pierce leaped to the ground, striking on his head. He broke his neck and died instantly.

The mystery is that so many should have perished when none was higher up than the second story, and there were galleries and exits on both sides of the building. No one-was heard to call or scream, all dying without a cry for help, though a great crowd quickly gathered and exhausted every effort to rescue the victims.

quickly gathered and exhausted every effort to rescue the victims.

Unfortunately there is no fire organization in town, or there might have been a chance of saving some of the people.

The charred remains of ten human bodies have been recovered from the ruins, but they were unrecognizable. Every business place was closed in town out of respect to the dead. Mr. Pierce was the only victim not a resident of Rockdale. The Mundine Hotel was valued at \$8000, and was insured for \$1500.

### THE NATIONAL GAME.

MACK, Washington's catcher, is six feet

CHINAMEN are commencing to patronize the national game. MEMPHIS has signed pitch Rudolph, of the Eclipse Club, Louisville.

BALTIMORE has a tailless kitten for a mas cot, and Kalamazoo a little fox.

THE Philadelphias were the first to win a game of Chicago's young pitcher Krock. THERE are more postponed games so far this season than there were all of last year.

THE Louisville Club is badly off for catchers, and is on the lookout for suitable men. JACK-FIRTH, of the Houston (Texas) Club, died last week from rheumatism of the

heart. TONY MULLANE, the Cincinnati pitcher, has entered the list for the long-throwing championship. COMISKEY, of St. Louis, had a

smashed against his bat by a pitched ball, at Bathmore. The Indianapolis Club is the only one in

ble home plate.

It seems to be the regulation daily thing now to find Ned Williamson, of Chicago, credited with a home run.

TITCOME'S record would suffer greatly but for Murphy's magnificent catching of the New York pitcher's erratic delivery. It has been shown pretty conclusively that Dunlap, second baseman of the Pittsburg League Club, gets a salary of \$5000 a year. No team in the American Association, not even the famous St. Louis Browns, has any-thing like the great base-stealing record of

THE secret of the weak batting on the part of Foster, of New York, is said to be that he can't hit a drop ball and that the League pitchers are all onto this.

THE St. Paul players have rented a wellfurnished house, engaged a cook and washer-woman, and will run their own hotel. The wives of two players will supervise.

TERRY, the Brooklyn American Association Clubs' pitcher, at a recent game with the Louisvilles, performed the remarkable feat of shutting out the rival nine without a single run or hit.

THE rivalry between Easton and Allentown, the two Pennsylvania ball clubs, is so great that the papers of the two towns cannot find words in the English language to express their feelings.

BILLY SOWDERS, of Boston, is a pitcher in action, and looks a pitcher in every regard but in size. He stands about 5ft. 6in. high, and does not weigh much over 120 pounds.

and does not weigh much over 180 pounds He is slight, dark and very modest. RECKONING the season at six months, John

Clarkson, Boston's \$10,000 pitcher, who will probably not pitch more than an average of two games a week during the season, will be paid the handsome wages of \$33,33 1-3 an hour or \$5.55 a minute for his services.

An important event in Milwaukee (Wis.) sporting annals occurred in the opening of the base ball season in that city, and the dedication of Athletc Park, the new \$40,000 ball grounds the Milwaukees will hereafter entertain their visitors upon. The number of people who witnessed the morning and afternoon games of the League and American Association Clubs in New

York, Brooklyn, Boston Philadelphia, Washington, Cleveland and Baltimore on Decoration Day aggregated 84,454. New York led tion Day aggregated 84,454. Ne with a total attendance of 18,282. "Who is the best pitcher in the profes "Who is the best pitcher in the profession?"
was asked of Charley Bennett, the Detroit
catcher, recently. "Well, the best pitching
talent in the country lies between Caruthers,
of Brooklyn, Clarkson, of Boston, and Tim
Keefe, of New York. Caruthers and Clark
son are great strategists, but when it comes
to putting the ball right over the plate nobody can touch Tim Keefe."

ONE reason for Chicago's high standing is its great strength behind the bat. In Daly and Darling they have a couple equal to any pair of catchers in the League. Daly caught eight games without a fielding error, accepting seventy-five chances. He had four passed balls. His colleague played the same numballs. His colleague played the same num-ber of games, accepted as many chances, with five errors and six passed balls.

# NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD. Name of Club. Chicago.... Boston... New York...

Name of Club. Brooklyn..... hletic.... Cleveland..... 24 Kansas City.....

# LATER NEWS.

FIRE destroyed Tony Pastor's Theatre, on 14th street, in New York, and spread to Tammany Hall, the famous political wigwain, was damaged to the extent of \$75,000.

THOMAS MCELRATH, for many years s. partner of Horace Greeley in the publication of the New York Tribuns, died a few days ago in the Metropolis, aged eighty-one years. GEORGE HERKIMER, the proprietor of large knit goods factory at Eau Claire, Wis ; shot his wife and then killed himself. THREE children of Ferdinand Mathias and

James Mark, all between ten and sixteen years of age, were drewned at Wisner, Neb., while crossing the river in a boat. They were returning from a wedding. In a town of Pataz, Department of La Libertad, Peru, a woman accused of being a

witch was publicly burned alive by the peo P. M. DE VALLE, an ex-Mexican Casul at

Panama, swindled several persons out of sums amounting to \$100,000 and then fled. It is estimated that two twousand persons were rendered homeless by the recent fire Hull, Canada. To add to their destitution a terrific electric storm passed over the city the following day and rendered almost wholly valuess the household goods which

were saved from the ravages of the fire. TROOPS pursuing banditti in Cubs came up with the fugitives in the province of Fanta Clara and killed six of them.

TEN persons were killed and much property destroyed in the suburbs of Ottawa, Canada. by a terrific cyclone, accompanied by lightning.

## A TERRIBLE JOKE.

A Youthful Husband Accidentally Kills His Young Bride.

Mrs. David A. Colbert, a bride of two weeks, was shot and killed by her husband in their room at his parents' house, Chicago. The shooting was accidental, but it was a clear case of reckless carelessness in the use of a revolver. As her husband was dressing, Mrs. Colbert picked up his watch from the pillow and told him jokingly that she meant to keep it. "So you mean to be a highway rober, do you! Then I'll turn highway man," be said laughingly as he pilled his pistol from his pocket. "Stand and deliver." Mrs. Colbert jumped out of bed, and as she tried to get hold of the pistol Colbert, attempted to keep it out of her reach. In some way she managed to strike the weapon with her hand, an explosion followed, and Colbert, as he saw blood appear on her night dress, fell in a faint to the floor. As her younger sides came running into the room Mrs. Colbert gasped: "Oh, Kitty, look at David," and fell dead. She had been shot in the laft breast. veeks, was shot and killed by her husba

fell dead. She had been shot in the left breast.

Her husband, on recovering consciousness, made two attempts to take his own life, once with the revolver and again with a carving knife. He was disarmed by the family and held until the police arrived and carried him off to the station house for safe keeping. Colbert is 21 years old and a clerk for Charles Germain, a Board of Trade man. His wife was a very pretty girl, and but 17 years of aga. They returned home from their wedding trip just a week ago.

### HANGING ABOLISHED.

New York's Governor Signs the Bill to Inflict Death by Electricity.

Governor Hill has signed the bill ab ishing hanging for all murders commit after January 1, 1889, and substituting de by electricity therefor. This bill is the second in the first annual mesage of Governor Hill to the Legislature in 1885. The attention of scientific men was attracted to the subject by this message, and in 1886 a Commission was apmessage, and in 1896 a Commission was pointed by the Legislature to investigate a report the most humane and practimethod of carrying into effect the senter of death in capital cases.

# A RAILROAD SLAUGETER.

one injured in Mexico. A railway accident occurred Tuesday

evening just outside of Tampico, Mexico, in which many lives were lost.

A construction train was derailed near a bridge by a cow and a donkey which were on the track. The train went through the bridge and down an embankment. The dead and injured were carried into the City of Mexico-immediately after the accident. So far asknown eightsen were killed and forty-one injured.

THE LABOR WORLD.

MOTT HAVEN (N. Y.) has a female horseshoer.

THE London (England) Typographical Association now numbers 7493 members.

THE car-wheel plant at Birmingham, near Kansas City, Mo., has a capacity of 125 car-wheels a day.

THE citizens of Altoona, Penn., have subscribed \$45,000 toward stock in a silk mill to be started in the near future in that city.

LABOR troubles are spreading in Germany, and strikers in Hamburg and Mayence have

attacked the police. THE K. of L. in Manden, Dakota, have elected the Mayor and fifteen other municipal officers. They are all members of the

ALABAMA boasts of nineteen cotton mills, epresenting an investment of nearly \$3,00,000, and an annual production of over 1 500 000. THERE are 20,266 members in the Interna tional Cigarmakers' Union with an outstanding loan of \$47,513.70, and a bank account of nearly \$100,000.

> THE MARKETS. NEW YORK.

Dairy..... West. Im. Creamery 

Boston.
Beef-Good to choice...... Hogs-Live...... Northern Dressed....

Flour—Spring Wheat pat's. 5
Corn—Steamer Yellow.....
Oats—White...... Rye-State.... WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE WARKET Beef- Dressed weight.
Sheep-Live weight.
Lambs.
Hogs-Northern

Hogs-Northern...

PHILADELPHIA.
Flour-Penn.extra family... 3 00

Red....... 93 Wheat—No. 2, Red..... Corn—No. 2, Yellow..... Oats—Mixed..., itter—Creamery Extra... Rye-No. 2.....

7 @ 4%@ 6%@ 7 @

93 @ -- @ 42 @ -- @ 18 @ 914 @